Free Verbal Test 2

Questions Booklet

Instructions

This verbal reasoning test comprises 30 questions, and you will have 20 minutes in which to correctly answer as many as you can.

You will be presented with a passage to read, and a statement about that passage. You must select one of the following answers:

True: The statement follows logically from the information contained in the passage.

False: The statement is logically false from the information contained in the passage.

Cannot Say: It is not possible to determine whether the statement is true or false without further information.

You will have to work quickly and accurately to perform well in this test. If you don't know the answer to a question, leave it and come back to it if you have time.

Try to find a time and place where you will not be interrupted during the test. When you are ready, begin the test.



The project was ambitious in its size, complexity, triparty nature, and in its pioneering of the Private Finance Initiative. This difficulty was unavoidable and contributed to the project's failure. However, a more thorough estimate of the unknown difficulties and timescales would have enabled the Department of Infrastructure to better prepare for the project and increase its chances of success.

In December 1997, XSoft, the company tasked with completing the project on behalf of the Department of Infrastructure, had asked for an extension of the deadline because they could already see that the project would not meet the promised January 1998 deadline and would not be completed until June 1999, at the earliest. If the Department had known from the start the true scale of the project, it is likely they would have chosen another smaller project. Accountants have reported that the delay has already had negative effects on the Profit & Loss sheets for both parties.

Q1.	If more care had been put into estimating the difficulties, it is less likely the project would have failed.		
	True	False	Cannot say
Q2.	XSoft witheld information from the Department regarding how long the project would take.		
	True	False	Cannot say
Q3.	The Department of Infras delay.	structure's profits w	ere affected by the project's
	True	False	Cannot sav

Document last updated 12-02-2019

Ever since the gun's invention it has been changing the world in many different ways. Many of the developments in gun design have been brought about by man's desire to protect himself, and the challenge of inventing bigger and more accurate weapons.

Each time there has been a major innovation in the development of the gun, there has been a profound effect on the world. The gun helped in the exploration of the world, it has also helped in the development of society as we know it.

Q4.	The gun was invented because the human race needs to protect themselves.				
	True	False	Cannot say		
Q5.	Guns are the reason our society is the way it is today.				
	True	False	Cannot say		
Q6.	Financial incentives had no part to play in the development of the gun.				
	True	False	Cannot say		



Being socially responsible is acting ethically and showing integrity. It directly affects our quality of life through such issues as human rights, working conditions, the environment, and corruption. It has traditionally been the sole responsibility of governments to police unethical behaviour. However, the public have realised the influence of corporations and, over the last ten years, the level of voluntary corporate social responsibility initiatives that dictate the actions of corporations has increased.

Q7.	The ethical actions of corporations has changed over the last ten years.				
	True	False	Cannot say		
Q8.	Corporations can influence the public's quality of life.				
	True	False	Cannot say		
Q9.	Traditionally the government have relied upon only the large corporations to help drive corporate social responsibility, whilst they concentrated on the smaller corporations.				
	True	False	Cannot say		



A well-nourished child can be more likely to be a studious one. But food has been seen as a cost to be cut in times of austerity, rather than an ingredient of good schooling. That may now be changing: as the government worries about obesity – which is fast rising among children- and urges everyone to eat less salt, fat and sugar, and more fruit and vegetables, the deficiency and unhealthiness of most school meals is striking. But cash constraints make change difficult.

Q10.	Children who eat healthily will perform better in exams.				
	True	False	e Cannot say		
Q11.	The number of obese children used to be less than it is now.				
	True	False	e Cannot say		
Q12.	The government is apathetic about obesity.				
	True	False	cannot say		



The costs of roaming – the service which allows UK customers to use their mobile phone abroad- are much higher than those in France, Germany, Sweden and Italy. Many people get caught out because they are unaware of the high prices, and that they get charged for simply receiving calls whilst abroad. Less than a quarter of consumers had any knowledge of the price of using a mobile phone aboard when they bought their phone. Better consumer information is vital if prices for pre-pay international roaming in the UK are to come down.

Q13.	It is more expensive for German customers to use a roaming service than it is for UK customers.			
	Tr	ue	False	Cannot say
Q14.	Pay-as-you-go	oaming rates are	lower than they are	for contract customers.
	Tr	ue	False	Cannot say
Q15.	Customers can	be charged for ca	alls which they do no	t make themselves.
	Tr	ue	False	Cannot say



Globalisation is putting fresh pressure on mid-sized firms, with large companies moving into their markets and dictating prices. This kind of company feels the pressure on all sides. They are too large to qualify for the grants and assistance that small enterprises can count on, but are too small to wield the kind of influence their larger competitors can bring to bear. But despite the squeeze, most mid-sized firms still believe that they can deliver steady growth, by playing to their traditional strength: being more nimble and more customer-focused than their larger rivals.

Q16.	Large companies have a greater effect on prices than mid-sized companies.		
	True	False	Cannot say
Q17.	The size of grant awar the company.	ded to a company is indire	ctly proportional to the size of
	True	False	Cannot say
Q18.	Traditionally mid-sized firms are faster than large companies at adapting to market changes.		
	True	False	Cannot say



If society seems obsessed with youth, it is at least partly because companies are. Like it or not, the young increasingly pick the styles and brands that trickle up to the rest of the population. Nike, Abercrombie & Fitch and Timberland first found success with the young, and when that clientele tired of them the companies felt the loss deeply. Now that adults are no longer necessarily expected to act and look grown-up, parents and children can be found listening to exactly the same music, playing the same computer games, watching the same TV programmes, and wearing the same brands of clothes and shoes.

Q19.	An adult's style can sometimes be similar to that of a child's.			
	True	False	Cannot say	
Q20.	The profits of Timberland are not affected by young customers.			
	True	False	Cannot say	
Q21.	Adults wear the same shoes as children because they want to look younger.			
	True	False	Cannot say	

Television is changing as it goes digital. The result will not only be better-quality pictures and sound but also personal TV, with viewers able to tailor the programmes they watch and even interact with them. How much money this will make for programme producers or broadcasters, whoever they may be, is not so clear.

Cable, satellite and terrestrial television broadcasters are upgrading their equipment to provide higher quality digital services. Rupert Murdoch's News Corporation will become the first company in the world to migrate an entire national TV system over to digital when it turns off its old analogue version of its British satellite service, BSkyB.

Q22.	Rupert Murdoch is associated with BSkyB.			
	True	False	Cannot say	
Q23.	The only change from the picture quality.	n traditional analogue servi	ces to digital services will be	
	True	False	Cannot say	
Q24.	Television broadcaste make more money fro	ers are upgrading their equ om digital TV.	ipment because they will	
	True	False	Cannot sav.	

Document last updated 12-02-2019

Brand equity has become a key asset in the world of competitive business. Indeed, some brands are now worth more than companies. Large corporations themselves are widely distrusted, whereas strangely, brands have the opposite effect on people. Brands are used to humanise corporations by appropriating characteristics such as courage, honesty, friendliness and fun. An example is Dove soap, where a dove represents white, cleanliness and peace. Volkswagen like to give the impression through their advertising that they are a reliable, clever, technical product. In a sense, rather than the product itself, the image and the idea are the selling point.

Q25.	Brands have always been an important asset to a company.			
	True	Fals	e Canı	not say
Q26.	Many people distrust large corporations.			
	True	Fals	e Canı	not say
Q27.	Dove soap chose peace.	e a dove for their bra	and to give a sense o	f cleanliness and
	True	Fals	e Cannot say	



The first problem with financial statements is that they are in the past; however detailed, they provide just a snap-shot of the business at one moment in time. There is also a lack of detail in financial statements, giving little use in the running of a business. Financial statements are provided for legal reasons to meet with accounting regulations and are used mainly by City analysts who compute share prices and give guidance to shareholders. Accounts often have hidden information and may also be inconsistent; it is difficult to compare different companies' accounts, despite there being standards, as there is much leeway in the standards.

Q28.	Financial statements are useful for businesses to understand their financial activities.			
		True	False	Cannot say
Q29.	Companies obligations.	create financial state	ements in order to co	mply with their legal
		True	False	Cannot say
Q30.		porting standards we ance of different com	-	d be easier to compare
		True	False	Cannot say

-- End of Test --

